RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.SC. FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2011

FIRST YEAR

COMPUTER SCIENCE (General)

Date : 21/12/2011 Time : 11am - 1pm

Paper : I

Full Marks : 50

Answer any five out of the following questions

1.	a)	Find the 10's complement of $(935)_{11}$. Given a weighted code in which weights are considered as 4 4 3 -2 for the decimal digits. Is this code a self-complementary code? Justify with an example.	3+2
	b)	Compare and contrast between One's complement and Two's complement arithmetic. Perform subtraction for the following using 1's complement: 10010 – 10011.	2+2
	c)	Express the following function in a product of maxterms: $F(x, y, z) = 1$.	1
2.	a)	If $(A3)_B = (123)_5$, then find the value of <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> , what is the binary and octal equivalent of the hexadecimal number 2AC5.D?	21/2+1/2
	b)	Design a circuit that compares two 2 bits numbers, A and B, to check if they are equal. The circuit has one output x, so that $x = 1$ if $A = B$ and 0, otherwise.	6
	c)	What do you mean by propagation delay of a logic gate?	1
3.	a)	"Multiplexer is called functionally complete block" — Justify. Design a Full Adder circuit using 4x1 Multiplexer.	2+4
	b)	Construct a 5x32 decoder using suitable numbers of 3x8 decoder / demultiplexers and 2x4 decoders.	4
4.	a)	What do you mean by Flip-flop in a sequential circuit? State the significance of "Debouncer Circuit" in sequential logic design.	1+2
	b)	Illustrate the designing procedure of a Delay Flip-flop using Set-Reset Flip-flop.	7
5.	a)	Why Exclusive OR function is said to be a Odd function? Design a circuit to implement Exclusive OR function using minimum number of NAND gates.	2+3
	b)	State generalized Demorgan's Law. Using this law prove that complement of an odd function is an even one.	2+1
	c)	Design a 4 bit Full Adder using suitable numbers of 1 bit Full Adder.	2
6.	a)	Simplify the Boolean function in SOP form using K-map: $E = w' x^2 + w' x^2 + w' x^2 + w x x^2$	

$$F = w'xz + w'yz + x'yz' + wxy'z$$

d = wyz

- b) A combinational circuit has four inputs and one output. The output is equal to 1 when
- (i) all inputs are equal to 1 or (ii) none of the inputs are equal to 1 or (iii) an odd number of inputs are equal to 1. Design the logic circuit for this using a 8x1 multiplexer.

7. Write notes on:

- a) BCD Adder
- b) (i) Duality Principle, (ii) Priority Encoder

5+(2+3)

4+6